

processing tomatoes



- Reduces transplant shock
- Increases root number and shoot vigor
- Improves resistance to nematode infestation
- Improves fruit set
- Increases fruit sugar (brix)
- Improves deep red color of fruit
- Increases yields



Kelpak, a natural plant nutrient extracted from freshly harvested *Ecklonia maxima* kelp, scientifically proven to increase the health, quality and yield in a wide variety of crops. **Kelpak, the global leader in cellular burst seaweed products for over thirty years**





Trial at Firebaugh on H2401 by Bill Weir UC - 2013		
TREATMENT	YIELD (ton/Ac)	INCREASE*
Untreated control	47.6	
1% dip at plant	52.9	11%
Foliar @ 2 pt/Ac 14 days after plant	56.3	18%
1% dip + 2 pt/Ac 14 & 28 days after plant	57.3	20%

* Yield increase above standard grower program

Trial results on processing tomato – California					
AREA	VARIETY	ESTABLISHED	YIELD (ton/Ac)		INCREASE*
			Control	Kelpak	
Escalon	H 8992	transplant	30.8	35.5	15%
Escalon	H 8992	transplant	30.8	37.2	20%
5 Points	BOS-3155	seeded	33.1	35.6	8%
5 Points	BOS-3155	transplant	35.3	37.9	7%
Merced	H2401	transplant	30.9	38.4	24%

* Yield increase above standard grower program



FIRST FOLIAR STAGE



SECOND FOLIAR STAGE

RECOMMENDED APPLICATION RATE

Dip the roots of seedlings (or seedling tray) in 1 gal Kelpak per 100 gal of water before transplanting into the field. Follow up with a 2 pt/Ac Kelpak foliar spray 14 and 28 days after transplanting

Spray direct seeded crops at 3 to 4-leaf stage and repeat once or twice at 14 day intervals

Alternatively to seedling dip at plant-out, Kelpak may be applied at 7 pt/Ac as a pulse through drippers after transplanting. Rinse lines after pulse



KELPAK