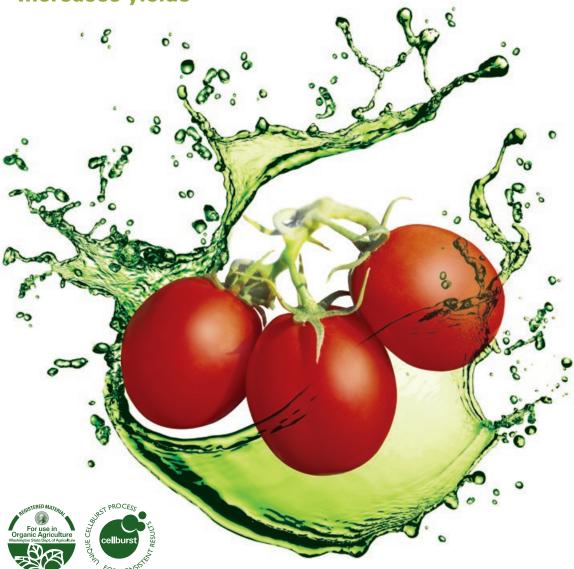
## processing tomatoes



- Reduces transplant shock
- Increases root number and shoot vigor
- Improves resistance to nematode infestation
- Improves fruit set
- Increases fruit sugar (brix)
- Improves deep red color of fruit
- Increases yields



Kelpak, a natural plant nutrient extracted from freshly harvested *Ecklonia maxima* kelp, scientifically proven to increase the health, quality and yield in a wide variety of crops. Kelpak, the global leader in cellular burst seaweed products for over thirty years

Trial at Firebaugh on H2401 by Bill Weir UC - 2013				
TREATMENT	YIELD (ton/Ac)	INCREASE*		
Untreated control	47.6			
1% dip at plant	52.9	11%		
Foliar @ 2 pt/Ac 14 days after plant	56.3	18%		
1% dip + 2 pt/Ac 14 & 28 days after plant	57.3	20%		

<sup>\*</sup> Yield increase above standard grower program

Trial results on processing tomato – California						
AREA	VARIETY	ESTABLISHED	YIELD (ton/Ac)		INCREASE*	
			Control	Kelpak		
Escalon	H 8992	transplant	30.8	35.5	15%	
Escalon	H 8992	transplant	30.8	37.2	20%	
5 Points	BOS-3155	seeded	33.1	35.6	8%	
5 Points	BOS-3155	transplant	35.3	37.9	7%	
Merced	H2401	transplant	30.9	38.4	24%	

<sup>\*</sup> Yield increase above standard grower program



FIRST FOLIAR STAGE



SECOND FOLIAR STAGE



KELPAK

Dip the roots of seedlings (or seedling tray) in 1 gal Kelpak per 100 gal of water before transplanting into the field. Follow up with a 2 pt/Ac Kelpak foliar spray 14 and 28 days after transplating

Spray direct seeded crops at 3 to 4-leaf stage and repeat once or twice at 14 day intervals

Alternatively to seedling dip at plant-out, Kelpak may be applied at 7 pt/Ac as a pulse through drippers after transplanting. Rinse lines after pulse

